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| 8 | IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT | |
| 9 | FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA | |
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| 11 | PRINCE DEON SHOTWELL, JR., | 1:09-cv-00204-WMW (HC) |
| 12 | Petitioner, | ORDER TRANSFERRING CASE TO THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF |
| 13 | VS. | |
| 14 | B. CURRY, | CALIFORNIA |
| 15 | Respondent. | |
| 16 | / | |
| 17 | Petitioner, a state prisoner proceeding pro se, has filed a habeas corpus action pursuant to 28 | |
| 18 | U.S.C. § 2254, in which he challenges a decision reached by the Board of Prison Terms regarding hi | |
| 19 | suitability for parole. Petitioner has not paid the \$5.00 filing fee or submitted an application to | |
| 20 | proceed in forma pauperis for this action. | |
| 21 | The federal venue statute requires that a civil action, other than one based on diversity | |
| 22 | jurisdiction, be brought only in "(1) a judicial district where any defendant resides, if all defendants | |
| 23 | reside in the same state, (2) a judicial district in which a substantial part of the events or omissions | |
| 24 | giving rise to the claim occurred, or a substantial part of the property that is the subject of the action | |
| 25 | is situated, or (3) a judicial district in which any defendant may be found, if there is no district in | |
| 26 | which the action may otherwise be brought." 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b). | |
| 27 | In a habeas matter, venue is proper in either the district of conviction or the district of | |
| 28 | confinement. 28 U.S.C. § 2241(d). Where a petitioner attacks the execution of his sentence, the | |
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proper forum in which to review such a claim is the district of confinement. See Dunn v. Henman, 1 2 875 F.2d 244, 249 (9th Cir. 1989) (stating, in a 28 U.S.C. § 2241 action, that "[t]he proper forum to 3 challenge the execution of a sentence is the district where the prisoner is confined."). In this case, petitioner was sentenced in Kern County Superior Court, which is located within 4 5 the Eastern District of California. He is currently incarcerated at Correctional Training Facility, Soledad, in Monterey County, which lies within the Northern District of California. Because the 6 7 instant petition is premised on events relating to Petitioner's parole proceedings, the court construes 8 it as a challenge to the execution of petitioner's sentence, as opposed to an attack on the conviction 9 itself. Thus, this matter should be addressed in the forum where petitioner is confined. Therefore, 10 the petition should have been filed in the United States District Court for the Northern District of California. In the interest of justice, a federal court may transfer a case filed in the wrong district to 11 12 the correct district. See 28 U.S.C. § 1406(a); Starnes v. McGuire, 512 F.2d 918, 932 (D.C. Cir. 13 1974). 14 Accordingly, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that this matter is transferred to the United States District Court for the Northern District of California. 15 16 17 IT IS SO ORDERED. **Dated:** March 18, 2009 /s/ William M. Wunderlich
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27

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